

$$1. \sin x = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\sin x' = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_0 = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$III. x_{III} = \pi + x_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{5}{4}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$IV. x_{IV} = 2\pi - x_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{7}{4}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$K = \left\{ \frac{5}{4}\pi + 2k\pi; \frac{7}{4}\pi + 2k\pi; k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$

$$4. \cos x = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\cos x' = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_0 = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$II. x_{II} = \pi - x_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{3}{4}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$III. x_{III} = \pi + x_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{5}{4}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$K = \left\{ \frac{3}{4}\pi + 2k\pi; \frac{5}{4}\pi + 2k\pi; k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$

$$7. \cotg x = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \quad D: \boxed{x \neq k\pi}$$

$$\cotg x' = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_0 = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$II. x_{II} = \pi - x_0 + k\pi = \frac{2}{3}\pi + k\pi \in \mathcal{D}$$

$$K = \left\{ \frac{2}{3}\pi + k\pi; k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$

$$2. \sin x = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\sin x' = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_0 = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$III. x_{III} = \pi + x_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{4}{3}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$IV. x_{IV} = 2\pi - x_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{5}{3}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$K = \left\{ \frac{4}{3}\pi + 2k\pi; \frac{5}{3}\pi + 2k\pi; k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$

$$5. \operatorname{tg} x = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\operatorname{tg} x' = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_0 = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$II. x_{II} = \pi - x_0 + k\pi = \frac{5}{6}\pi + k\pi \in \mathcal{D}$$

$$K = \left\{ \frac{5}{6}\pi + k\pi; k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$

$$8. \cotg x = -\sqrt{3}$$

$$\cotg x' = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_0 = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$II. x_{II} = \pi - x_0 + k\pi = \frac{5}{6}\pi + k\pi \in \mathcal{D}$$

$$K = \left\{ \frac{5}{6}\pi + k\pi; k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$

$$3. \cos x = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\cos x' = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_0 = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$II. x_{II} = \pi - x_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{2}{3}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$III. x_{III} = \pi + x_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{4}{3}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$K = \left\{ \frac{2}{3}\pi + 2k\pi; \frac{4}{3}\pi + 2k\pi; k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$

$$6. \operatorname{tg} x = -1$$

$$\operatorname{tg} x' = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow x_0 = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$II. x_{II} = \pi - x_0 + k\pi = \frac{3}{4}\pi + k\pi \in \mathcal{D}$$

$$K = \left\{ \frac{3}{4}\pi + k\pi; k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$

$$D: \boxed{x \neq (2k+1)\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$D: \boxed{x \neq (2k+1)\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$9. \operatorname{tg} \left(x + \frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$D: \boxed{x + \frac{\pi}{6} \neq (2k+1)\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \operatorname{tg} y = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow y_0 = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$I. y_I = y_0 + k\pi = \frac{\pi}{6} + k\pi$$

$$S: \Rightarrow x + \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{\pi}{6} + k\pi$$

$$x = k\pi \in \mathcal{D}$$

$$K = \{k\pi; k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

$$S: \boxed{x + \frac{\pi}{6} = y}$$

$$10. \cotg \left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = -1$$

$$D: \boxed{x - \frac{\pi}{2} \neq k\pi}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cotg y = -1$$

$$\cotg y' = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow y_0 = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$II. y_{II} = \pi - y_0 + k\pi = \frac{3}{4}\pi + k\pi$$

$$S: \Rightarrow x - \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{3}{4}\pi + k\pi$$

$$x = \frac{5}{4}\pi + k\pi$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{4} + (k+1)\pi \in \mathcal{D}$$

$$K = \left\{ \frac{\pi}{4} + (k+1)\pi; k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$

$$S: \boxed{x - \frac{\pi}{2} = y}$$

$$11. \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{3} - x\right) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$S: \boxed{x - \frac{\pi}{3} = y}$$

$$\sin \left[-\left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right)\right] = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\sin \left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\sin \left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin y = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow y_0 = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$I. y_I = y_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{\pi}{4} + 2k\pi$$

$$S: \Rightarrow x_1 - \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{\pi}{4} + 2k\pi$$

$$x_1 = \frac{7}{12}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$II. y_{II} = \pi - y_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{3}{4}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$S: \Rightarrow x_2 - \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{3}{4}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$x_2 = \frac{13}{12}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$K = \left\{ \frac{7}{12}\pi + 2k\pi; \frac{13}{12}\pi + 2k\pi; k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$

$$12. \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{6} - x\right) = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\cos \left[-\left(x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right)\right] = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos \left(x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right) = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos y = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$S: \boxed{x - \frac{\pi}{6} = y}$$

$$\cos y' = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow y_0 = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$II. y_{II} = \pi - y_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{5}{6}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$S: \Rightarrow x_1 - \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{5}{6}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$x_1 = \pi + 2k\pi$$

$$III. y_{III} = \pi + y_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{7}{6}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$S: \Rightarrow x_2 - \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{7}{6}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$x_2 = \frac{4}{3}\pi + 2k\pi$$

$$K = \left\{ \pi + 2k\pi; \frac{4}{3}\pi + 2k\pi; k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$

$$13. -\sqrt{3} \cotg \left(\frac{\pi}{3} - x\right) = 3$$

$$-\sqrt{3} \cotg \left[-\left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right)\right] = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{3} \cotg \left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = 3$$

$$\cotg \left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\cotg \left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cotg y = \sqrt{3}$$

$$y_0 = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$I. y_I = y_0 + k\pi = \frac{\pi}{6} + k\pi$$

$$S: \Rightarrow x - \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{\pi}{6} + k\pi$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi \in \mathcal{D}$$

$$K = \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi; k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$

$$D: \boxed{\frac{\pi}{3} - x \neq k\pi}$$

$$S: \boxed{x - \frac{\pi}{3} = y}$$

14. $\sin^2 x = \frac{3}{4}$ $\sqrt{\quad}$
 $|\sin x| = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 $\sin x = \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 $\Rightarrow x_0 = \frac{\pi}{3}$
I. $x_I = x_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{\pi}{3} + 2k\pi$
II. $x_{II} = \pi - x_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{2}{3}\pi + 2k\pi$
III. $x_{III} = \pi + x_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{4}{3}\pi + 2k\pi$
IV. $x_{IV} = 2\pi - x_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{5}{3}\pi + 2k\pi$
 $\Rightarrow x_1 = \frac{\pi}{3} + k\pi$
 $\Rightarrow x_2 = \frac{2}{3}\pi + k\pi$
 $\underline{\underline{K = \{\frac{\pi}{3} + k\pi; \frac{2}{3}\pi + k\pi; k \in \mathcal{Z}\}}}}$

15. $\cos^2 x = \frac{1}{2}$ $\sqrt{\quad}$
 $|\cos x| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$
 $\cos x = \pm \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
 $\Rightarrow x_0 = \frac{\pi}{4}$
I. $x_I = x_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{\pi}{4} + 2k\pi$
IV. $x_{IV} = 2\pi - x_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{7}{4}\pi + 2k\pi$
II. $x_{II} = \pi - x_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{3}{4}\pi + 2k\pi$
III. $x_{III} = \pi + x_0 + 2k\pi = \frac{5}{4}\pi + 2k\pi$
 $\Rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{4} + k\frac{\pi}{2}$
 $\underline{\underline{K = \{\frac{\pi}{4} + k\frac{\pi}{2}; k \in \mathcal{Z}\}}}}$

16. $\operatorname{tg}^2 x = 3$ $\sqrt{\quad}$ $D: \boxed{x \neq (2k+1)\frac{\pi}{2}}$
 $|\operatorname{tg} x| = \sqrt{3}$
 $\operatorname{tg} x = \pm\sqrt{3}$
 $\Rightarrow x_0 = \frac{\pi}{3}$
I. $x_I = x_0 + k\pi = \frac{\pi}{3} + k\pi \in D$
II. $x_{II} = \pi - x_0 + k\pi = \frac{2}{3}\pi + k\pi \in D$
 $\underline{\underline{K = \{\frac{\pi}{3} + k\pi; \frac{2}{3}\pi + k\pi; k \in \mathcal{Z}\}}}}$

17. $\operatorname{cotg}^2 x = 1$ $\sqrt{\quad}$ $D: \boxed{x \neq k\pi}$
 $|\operatorname{cotg} x| = 1$
 $\operatorname{cotg} x = \pm 1$
 $\Rightarrow x_0 = \frac{\pi}{4}$
I. $x_I = x_0 + k\pi = \frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi$
II. $x_{II} = \pi - x_0 + k\pi = \frac{3}{4}\pi + k\pi$
 $\Rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{4} + k\frac{\pi}{2} \in D$
 $\underline{\underline{K = \{\frac{\pi}{4} + k\frac{\pi}{2}; k \in \mathcal{Z}\}}}}$

18. $\sin 2x = \cos 3x \sin 2x$
 $\sin 2x - \cos 3x \sin 2x = 0$
 $\sin 2x(1 - \cos 3x) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow \sin 2x = 0 \vee 1 - \cos 3x = 0$
 $2x = k\pi \quad \cos 3x = 1$
 $x_1 = k\frac{\pi}{2} \quad 3x = 2k\pi$
 $\quad \quad \quad x_2 = k\frac{2}{3}\pi$
 $\underline{\underline{K = \{k\frac{\pi}{2}; k\frac{2}{3}\pi; k \in \mathcal{Z}\}}}}$

19. $\sin 2x + \sqrt{3} \cos x = 0$
 $2 \sin x \cos x + \sqrt{3} \cos x = 0$
 $\cos x(2 \sin x + \sqrt{3}) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow \cos x = 0 \vee 2 \sin x + \sqrt{3} = 0$
 $x_1 = (2k+1)\frac{\pi}{2} \quad \sin x = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 $\quad \quad \quad \sin x' = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 $\Rightarrow x_0 = \frac{\pi}{3}$
III. $x_2 = \frac{4}{3}\pi + 2k\pi$
IV. $x_3 = \frac{5}{3}\pi + 2k\pi$
 $\underline{\underline{K = \{(2k+1)\frac{\pi}{2}; \frac{4}{3}\pi + 2k\pi; \frac{5}{3}\pi + 2k\pi; k \in \mathcal{Z}\}}}}$

20. $\cos x = \sin 2x \cos x$ $/ \cdot (-1)$
 $\sin 2x \cos x - \cos x = 0$
 $\cos x(\sin 2x - 1) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow \cos x = 0 \vee \sin 2x - 1 = 0$
 $x_1 = (2k+1)\frac{\pi}{2} \quad \sin 2x = 1$
 $\quad \quad \quad 2x = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi$
 $\quad \quad \quad x_2 = \frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi$
 $\underline{\underline{K = \{(2k+1)\frac{\pi}{2}; \frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi; k \in \mathcal{Z}\}}}}$

21. $\sin^2 x + 2 \sin x - 3 = 0$ $S: \boxed{\sin x = y}$
 $\Rightarrow y^2 + 2y - 3 = 0$
V.v. $\Rightarrow y_1 = 1 \vee y_2 = -3$
 $S: \Rightarrow \sin x = 1 \vee \sin x = -3 \quad V_n!$
 $x = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi$
 $\underline{\underline{K = \{\frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi; k \in \mathcal{Z}\}}}}$

22. $2 \sin^2 x + 3 \sin x + 1 = 0$ $S: \boxed{\sin x = y}$
 $\Rightarrow 2y^2 + 3y + 1 = 0$
 $D = 9 - 8 = 1 \quad \sqrt{D} = 1$
 $y_{1,2} = \frac{-3 \pm 1}{4} = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{2} \\ -1 \end{cases}$
 $S: \Rightarrow \sin x = -\frac{1}{2} \vee \sin x = -1$
 $\sin x' = \frac{1}{2} \quad x_3 = \frac{3}{2}\pi + 2k\pi$
 $\Rightarrow x_0 = \frac{\pi}{6}$
III. $x_1 = \frac{7}{6}\pi + 2k\pi$
IV. $x_2 = \frac{11}{6}\pi + 2k\pi$
 $\underline{\underline{K = \{\frac{7}{6}\pi + 2k\pi; \frac{11}{6}\pi + 2k\pi; \frac{3}{2}\pi + 2k\pi; k \in \mathcal{Z}\}}}}$

23. $2 \sin^3 x = \sin^2 x + \sin x$
 $2 \sin^3 x - \sin^2 x - \sin x = 0$ $S: \boxed{\sin x = y}$
 $\sin x(2 \sin^2 x - \sin x - 1) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow \sin x = 0 \vee 2 \sin^2 x - \sin x - 1 = 0$
 $x_1 = k\pi \quad \Rightarrow 2y^2 - y - 1 = 0$
 $\quad \quad \quad D = 1 + 8 = 9 \quad \sqrt{D} = 3$
 $\quad \quad \quad y_{1,2} = \frac{1 \pm 3}{4} = \begin{cases} 1 \\ -\frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$
 $S: \Rightarrow \sin x = 1 \vee \sin x = -\frac{1}{2}$
 $\quad \quad \quad x_2 = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi \quad \sin x' = \frac{1}{2}$
 $\Rightarrow x_0 = \frac{\pi}{6}$
III. $x_3 = \frac{7}{6}\pi + 2k\pi$
IV. $x_4 = \frac{11}{6}\pi + 2k\pi$
 $\underline{\underline{K = \{k\pi; \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi; \frac{7}{6}\pi + 2k\pi; \frac{11}{6}\pi + 2k\pi; k \in \mathcal{Z}\}}}}$

24. $2 \cos^2 x + 5 \cos x - 3 = 0$ $S: \boxed{\cos x = y}$
 $\Rightarrow 2y^2 + 5y - 3 = 0$
 $D = 25 + 24 = 49 \quad \sqrt{D} = 7$
 $y_{1,2} = \frac{-5 \pm 7}{4} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \\ -3 \end{cases}$
 $S: \Rightarrow \cos x = \frac{1}{2} \vee \cos x = -3 \quad V_n!$
I. $x_1 = \frac{\pi}{3} + 2k\pi$
IV. $x_2 = \frac{5}{3}\pi + 2k\pi$
 $\underline{\underline{K = \{\frac{\pi}{3} + 2k\pi; \frac{5}{3}\pi + 2k\pi; k \in \mathcal{Z}\}}}}$

25. $2 \cos^2 x = 3 \sin x$

$2(1 - \sin^2 x) = 3 \sin x \quad / \cdot (-1)$

$2 \sin^2 x + 3 \sin x - 2 = 0$

S: $\sin x = y$

$\Rightarrow 2y^2 + 3y - 2 = 0$

$D = 9 + 16 = 25 \quad \sqrt{D} = 5$

$y_{1,2} = \frac{-3 \pm 5}{4} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \\ -2 \end{cases}$

S: $\Rightarrow \sin x = \frac{1}{2} \quad \vee \sin x = -2 \quad V_n!$

I. $x_1 = \frac{\pi}{6} + 2k\pi$

II. $x_2 = \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2k\pi$

$K = \{ \frac{\pi}{6} + 2k\pi; \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2k\pi; k \in \mathbb{Z} \}$

27. $\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x + \sin x = 0$

$\sin^2 x - 1 + \sin^2 x + \sin x = 0$

$2 \sin^2 x + \sin x - 1 = 0$

S: $\sin x = y$

$\Rightarrow 2y^2 + y - 1 = 0$

$D = 1 + 8 = 9 \quad \sqrt{D} = 3$

$y_{1,2} = \frac{-1 \pm 3}{4} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \\ -1 \end{cases}$

S: $\Rightarrow \sin x = \frac{1}{2} \quad \vee \sin x = -1$

I. $x_1 = \frac{\pi}{6} + 2k\pi \quad x_3 = \frac{3\pi}{2} + 2k\pi$

II. $x_2 = \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2k\pi$

$K = \{ \frac{\pi}{6} + 2k\pi; \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2k\pi; \frac{3\pi}{2} + 2k\pi; k \in \mathbb{Z} \}$

26. $2 \cos^2 x = \sin x + 1$

$2 - 2 \sin^2 x - \sin x - 1 = 0$

$/ \cdot (-1)$

$2 \sin^2 x + \sin x - 1 = 0$

S: $\sin x = y$

$\Rightarrow 2y^2 + y - 1 = 0$

$D = 1 + 8 = 9 \quad \sqrt{D} = 3$

$y_{1,2} = \frac{-1 \pm 3}{4} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \\ -1 \end{cases}$

S: $\Rightarrow \sin x = \frac{1}{2} \quad \vee \sin x = -1$

I. $x_1 = \frac{\pi}{6} + 2k\pi \quad x_3 = \frac{3\pi}{2} + 2k\pi$

II. $x_2 = \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2k\pi$

$K = \{ \frac{\pi}{6} + 2k\pi; \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2k\pi; \frac{3\pi}{2} + 2k\pi; k \in \mathbb{Z} \}$

28. $4 \cos^2 x + 5 \sin x - 7 = 0$

$4(1 - \sin^2 x) + 5 \sin x - 7 = 0 \quad / \cdot (-1)$

$4 \sin^2 x - 5 \sin x + 3 = 0$

S: $\sin x = y$

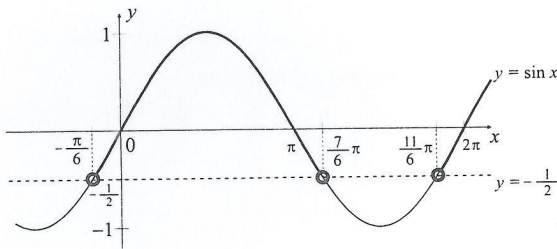
$\Rightarrow 4y^2 - 5y + 3 = 0$

$D = 25 - 48 = -23 < 0!$

$K = \emptyset$

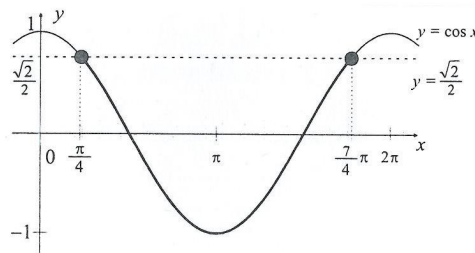
29. $\sin x > -\frac{1}{2}$

$K = \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (-\frac{\pi}{6} + 2k\pi; \frac{7\pi}{6} + 2k\pi)$



30. $\cos x \leq \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

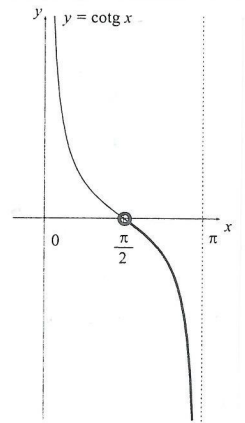
$K = \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (\frac{\pi}{4} + 2k\pi; \frac{7\pi}{4} + 2k\pi)$



31. $\cotg x < 0$

D: $x \neq k\pi$

$K = \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (\frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi; \pi + k\pi)$



32. $\sin 2x \leq -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

S: $2x = z$

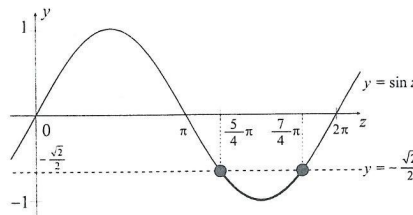
$\Rightarrow \sin z \leq -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$z \in \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (\frac{5\pi}{4} + 2k\pi; \frac{7\pi}{4} + 2k\pi)$

S: $\Rightarrow 2x \in \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (\frac{5\pi}{4} + 2k\pi; \frac{7\pi}{4} + 2k\pi)$

$x \in \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (\frac{5\pi}{8} + k\pi; \frac{7\pi}{8} + k\pi)$

$K = \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (\frac{5\pi}{8} + k\pi; \frac{7\pi}{8} + k\pi)$



33. $\cos \frac{x}{2} > -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$\Rightarrow \cos z > -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$z \in \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (-\frac{5\pi}{6} + 2k\pi; \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2k\pi)$

S: $\Rightarrow \frac{x}{2} \in \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (-\frac{5\pi}{6} + 2k\pi; \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2k\pi)$

$x \in \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (-\frac{5\pi}{3} + 4k\pi; \frac{5\pi}{3} + 4k\pi)$

$K = \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (-\frac{5\pi}{3} + 4k\pi; \frac{5\pi}{3} + 4k\pi)$

34. $\sin \frac{x}{2} < \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

S: $\frac{x}{2} = z$

$\Rightarrow \sin z < \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$z \in \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (\frac{2\pi}{3} + 2k\pi; \frac{7\pi}{3} + 2k\pi)$

S: $\Rightarrow \frac{x}{2} \in \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (\frac{2\pi}{3} + 2k\pi; \frac{7\pi}{3} + 2k\pi)$

$x \in \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (\frac{4\pi}{3} + 4k\pi; \frac{14\pi}{3} + 4k\pi)$

$K = \bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (\frac{4\pi}{3} + 4k\pi; \frac{14\pi}{3} + 4k\pi)$

